COMMON CORE Lessons & Activities

SUFFRAGE SUFFRAGE

Reading for Information
Higher-Order Thinking
Writing Prompts
Primary Source Analysis
Vocabulary
Graphic Organizers
Map Activities
& More!

REPRODUCIBLE

One teacher is allowed to make copies for use in her/his classroom!



About this Book

This Common Core Lessons and Activities Book allows you to immediately meet new Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts, as well as Literacy and Writing in History/Social Studies. It is designed to supplement your Social Studies resources, adding new Common Core rigor, analysis, writing, inference, text-dependent questions, and more into your daily instruction.

How to Use this Book:

- Work through the lessons and activities as a class to teach your students higher-order thinking, analysis, and 21st century skills necessary to meet new Common Core expectations.
- Allow students to work through the lessons independently to build and practice these new skills.
- Include technology, collaboration, presentation, and discussion in the activities as you desire—you can decide how in-depth to go.
- Watch your class develop new abilities to meet the rigor of Common Core State Standards, right before your eyes!

Tips:

- Use some of the pages—or use them all—based on your grade, your students, your curriculum, and your needs.
- Use the pages at their current size, or if you prefer them to be 8-1/2" x 11", enlarge them 125% on your copy machine.
- Download graphic organizers labeled "GO" in the Table of Contents by going to: www.gallopade.com/client/go
- Use the correlations grid to easily see which Common Core standards are covered in each lesson.

Common Core Lessons & Activities: Women's Suffrage Movement

By Carole Marsh
Published by Gallopade International, Inc.
©Carole Marsh/Gallopade
Printed in the U.S.A. (Peachtree City, Georgia)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Seneca Falls Convention: Reading Informational Text	2
Woman Suffrage Organizations: Graphical Organizer G	3
Declarations Comparison: Comparison of Primary Sources	4
Mothers of the Movement: Primary Source Analysis	6
"Ain't I a Woman?": Primary Source Analysis	7
National Woman's Party: Reading Informational Text	8
Suffragist Tactics: Main Idea Organizer G	9
Suffrage Quotes: Summarizing Information G	. 10
Suffrage Vocabulary: Vocabulary GO10	11
Women's Suffrage: Problem-Solution-Results G	. 12
Women's Roles During WWI: Reading Informational Text & Writing	. 14
"Kaiser Wilson" Propaganda Poster: Primary Source Analysis	. 15
Women's Suffrage Movement: Chronological Events GO12	. 16
Pro vs. Anti-Suffrage: Compare & Contrast GO¹	. 17
From Convention to 19th Amendment: Cause & Effect G	. 18
Suffrage Cartoon: Primary Source Analysis	. 19
Women's Suffrage Map in 1920: Map Activity	. 20
The 19th Amendment: Reading Informational Text	. 22
Comparing Rights Movements: Graphic Comparison GO ²	. 23
Common Core State Standards Correlations	24

G: Includes Graphic Organizer

Gaphic Organizer is also available 8½" x 11" online download at www.gallopade.com/client/go (numbers above correspond to the graphic organizer numbers online)

PRIMARY SOURCE ANALYSIS

"Ain't I a Woman?"

Read the text and answer the questions.

"Ain't I a Woman?" speech by Sojourner Truth (excerpt)
Recalled by: Frances Dana Barker Gage
Printed in the <u>History of Woman Suffrage</u> in May 1863

Well, children, where there is so much racket there must be something out of kilter. I think that 'twixt the negroes of the South and the women at the North, all talking about rights, the white men will be in a fix pretty soon. But what's all this here talking about?

That man over there says that women need to be helped into carriages, and lifted over ditches, and to have the best place everywhere. Nobody ever helps me into carriages, or own mudpuddles, or gives me any best place! And ain't I a we can? Look at me! Look at my arm! I have ploughed and clanted and gathered into barns, and no man could head ae! and sin't a woman? I could work as much and eat as much as man—when I could get it—and bear the lash as well! and are I a woman? I have borne thirteen children, and seen most a sole off to slavery, and when I cried out with my mother's grief note but Jesus heard me! And ain't I a woman?

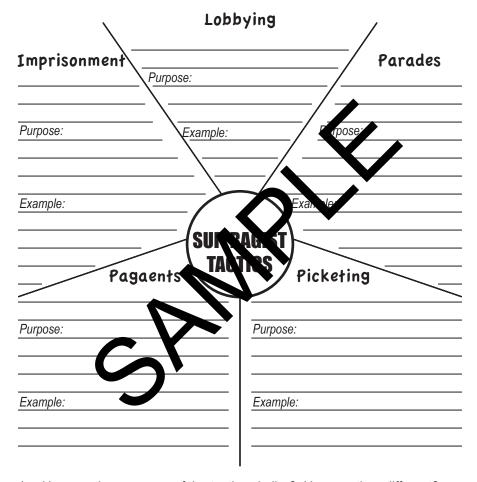
Then they talks tout this thing in the head; what's this they call it? [member of a die a whispers, "intellect"] That's it, honey. What's that got to do with women's rights or negroes' rights? If my cup won't hold but a port, and yours holds a quart, wouldn't you be mean not to lot the hove my little half measure full?

- 1. Use the text to make 3-5 inferences about Sojourner Truth.
- 2. Describe the tone and style of this speech. Cite examples.
- 3. Why did Sojourner Truth give this speech?
- 4. Explain the difference between the speaker and the author of the text.
- 5. What point is Sojourner Truth making by repeating the phrase, "Ain't I a woman?"
- 6. Sojourner Truth uses colloquial language in her speech. Analyze the text and explain what is meant by "racket," "cup," "my little half measure full," and other expressive phrases. Discuss as a class.

MAIN IDEA ORGANIZER

Suffragist Tactics

Use an online resource to research women's suffragist tactics and complete the graphic organizer. Then answer the questions.



- 1. How are the purposes of the tactics similar? How are they different?
- 2. A. In small groups, use an online resource to research one specific tactic of the women's suffrage movement. Create a slideshow presentation explaining the who, what, when, where, and why of your specific tactic. Include pictures and examples of your tactic. What results did your tactic achieve?
 - B. Present your slideshow and discuss as a class.

READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT & WRITING

Women's Roles During WWI

Read the text and answer the questions.

Many men joined the military when World War I began in 1914. As a result, it quickly became clear that women were needed in the workforce—not only in the home as before. Working women found new freedom in jobs usually held by men. Women primarily filled roles in government departments, public transportation, post offices, and secretarial positions. Women also contributed to the war effort by working in dangerous ammunition factories to produce shells and weapons for the British and U.S. militaries.

Women filled an important role in the reditary too. Many women became medical nurses, and others were cained as clerks, phone operators, and stenographers. Besides paid job, women took on the responsibility of voluntary work as well. They rolled bandages, knitted clothing, and present as applied for men on the war front.

Approximately 1,600,000 was en joined the workforce during WWI. Their activity proved that young could do men's work, women could hold responsibility, and women were necessary to victory in WWI. Women the alternation www. Well made it difficult for politicians to ignore the women's suffrage movement. As a result, women's roles in WWI albeet the passage of the 19th Amendment.

- 1. What was the prinary role of women before World War I?
- 2. During Work I, why did women take on jobs usually held by men?
- 3. Explain how WWI offered women new opportunites and freedoms.
- 4. Explain the relationship between women's roles in WWI and the passage of the 19th Amendment.

Writing Prompt:

Imagine you are a woman in America during WWI. What job would you choose to perform? Write a first-hand narrative describing your role in the war effort, at home or in the military, and describe how it is different than your life before. Proofread and edit your work.